

CHARACTER RACE LIMITS

KACE		STR S	STR Female	INT	WIS	DEX	CON	CHA
Dwarf	THE N	18 (99)	17	5 16	3 18	17	10	10
蓝	FE	3 (7.5)	3 16	18	318	18	18	18
Gnome	F	18 (50)	15	7 118	18	38	81	18
Half-Elf		3 (90)	3 17	16	3 18	18	18	18
Halfilling	AND NO.	17	14	118	17	18	22	n =
Human	min	3 (00)	3 (50)	3	3 18	3 18	3 18	3

max - maximum number for that ability score, min - minimum number for that ability score, (xx) - maximum percentage for an 18 strength.

KACE	MAX LEVEL BY CLASS: CLERIC PI	MGHTER	MAGIC USER	THEF
Dwarf		100		n
EIL		7111	11th	מ
Onombe		em	The state of the s	n
Half-Elf	35	Brih	8th	n
Haffling		Cuth		0
Human	D	n	n	n

-- cannot be this class U - unlimited level in this class



Questions or Problems?

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A FORGOTTEN REALMS: Fantasy Role-Playing Epic, Vol. 1





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INTRODUCTION

Welcome to the official ADVANCED DUNCIEONS & DRAGONS® computer product, Post, or RAMANCE, a PORGOTTEN REALMSTM fantasy role-playing epic. This adventure game is based on the rules and background created by TSR, Inc. with a storyline created especially for this game. The Pool, or Roowec adventure begins in the ruined city of Phian on the northern shore of the Moonsea, where adventurers from the dvilized nations are trying to rebuild this once-proud city. Your adventurers start out as beginning characters at the first level of experience and can advance to higher levels as they help bring back. Phian to its former glory.

WHAT COMES WITH THIS GAME:

in addition to the game disks, you should find four other items in your game.

THE RULE BOOK

This is what you are reading. If you have game play questions during the course of the game, refer to this book.

THE ADVENTURER'S JOURNAL

This contains background and introduction to the Porgotten Realms and the scenarios, plus maps, rumors, and stories that may be true or false. It also contains Appendices, tables and reference information, to help speed game play. You will confirm the true rumors and expose the false ones during the game.

THE QUICK START CARD

This explains how to start the game, make menu cholcos, and indicate items using your computer, it also lets you get right into the game without having to read through the rules.

THE TRANSLATION WHEEL

As your characters progress through the Porgotten Realms, they will occasionally find Dethek (Dwarvish) and Espruar (Evish) runes. The wheel is a method of translating those nunes into English words so you can understand them. The Translation Wheel has four parts: Espriair (ENIsh) Runes. Around the outside rim are the elvish runes.

Dethek (Dwarvish) Runes, Just Inside the elvish runes are the dwarvish runes. Three Paths. Spiraling out from the inside are three paths identified graphically as:

Six Rings. Six numbered rings, each with three holes showing letters, are located inside of the dwarvish runes.

USING THE WHEEL

You can get many kinds of information from the wheel: Five or Six Letter Code Blonds. The computer displays 2 runes and a path. Match up the two runes and read the letters from rings. I through 6. If the first character is a number, ignore it and read the letters from rings 2 through 6.

Example: Etrish ... Dwarvish ... Read Along the Path. Code word is BEWARE.

Three Letter Code Words. The computer displays 2 runes and a ring number. Match up the two runes and read the letters on that ring clockwise from the Path.

Example: Elvish ..., Dwarvish ..., Rend Around Ring 2. Code word

Translate Elvish (Esprinar) to English or Dwarvish (Delibek). The computer displays a list of Elvish runes. Natch the Translate Esprinar Tab to each Elvish Rune, one at a time. Read the English letter in Ring I of the Path. Read the Dwarvish

rune at the Translate Dethek Tab.

Panslate Dwarvish (Dethek) to English or Elvish (Espruar). The computer displays a list of Dwarvish runes. Match the Translate Dethek Tab to each Dwarvish Rune, one at a time. Read the English leter in Ring I of the Path. Read the Elvish Rune at the Translate Espruar Tab. Some Dethek runes have more than one translation; try each when translating words.

GETTING STARTED QUICKLY:

You can get right into playing Poot, or Ruswicz by using the instructions on your Quick Start Card and using the characters provided. If you have any questions as you play, refer back to these rules for a complete explanation.

READING THE RULE BOOK:

This book is divided into sections describing how to manipulate the game by using the menus on the screen. The menus are lists of commands that you choose according to the instructions on your Quick Reference Card. Central to the game is the concept of the 'active character.' The active character is highlighted on the character display. Any command that affects a single character affects the active character. Commands that affect the whole party do not require an active character. In combat the active character is picked automatically according to the characters initiative. From other menus the active character may be changed before choosing any commands.

All commands are menu based, if a command affects the whole party, indicate the command as listed in your Quick Reference Card, if the command affects one character, indicate the character and then the command.

Example: To look at a character's items, indicate the character, choose View, and then choose items. The computer displays a list of the character's items and the items' readied status for combat. Menus are displayed either vertically or horizontally. Vertical menus are used to make a choice of someone to act, such as a member of an adventuring party, or something to act upon, such as one item out of several carried. If there are more choices than will fit on the screen at once you can change pages using Next and Prev commands (or the Pg Up and Pg Dn keys.)

Horizontal menus are lists of commands glving the options of what the character can do or what you can do to the character. When space permits, each horizontal menu is preceded by the menu like. This is set off by a colon and is not an option on the menu. Menus are shown with their tille and each command in the rules. As an example, the Encamp Menu contains commands for Save, View, Magic, Rest, Alter, Pool, and Exit., it is shown as:

Encamp Menus

ENCAMP, TAVE VIEW MADIC RESTALTEN DUT

Unless otherwise specified the Exit command on any menu returns you to the next higher level menu. On many computers the Escape key acts as an Exit command from any menu.



CHARACTERS AND THE PARTY

WHAT ARE CHARACTERS?

You create characters to accomplish quests in the Porgotten Reaims. Characters are differentiated by their Race. Ability Scores, and Class. Several characters are needed to accomplish the missions presented here. These characters make up a Party. For maximum flexibility, you should have a balanced party with characters of different classes and races.

THE SIX PLAYER RACES IN POOL OF

Dwarf. This is a cunning race of sturdy workers and craftsmen. They have no magic of their own, but are resistant to magic. Dwarves can advance up to 9th level as fighters, and any level as thieves. They can be fighters and thieves at the same time. Dwarves can see in the dark using infravision.

EM. This is a long-lived race. As tall as humans but slimmer, they can be fighters, magic-users, thieves, fighter/magic-users, fighter/magic-users, fighter/magic-users, and fighter/magic-user/thieves. They can advance to 7th level as fighters and 11th level as magic-users, and any level as thieves, Elves also have a better chance of finding hidden objects and can see in the dark using infravision.

Gnome. Members of this race are shorter and slimmer than their cousins the dwarves. They can go up to 6th level as fighters, and any level as thieves. They can be fighter/thieves. Malf-Elf. These hybrids have many of the virtues of both humans and elves. Like elves, they can be more than one class at once, though they can advance only to 8th level as magic-users and 8th level as fighters. Like humans, half-elves can be cierics, and unlike humans, combine that class with other classes.

Halfling. These folk are about half the size of a human, hence their name. They have little ability with magic, but are resistant to its influences. They can be fighters, thieves, and fighter/thieves, They are limited to becoming 6th level fighters, but have no limits as thieves.

Munians. This is the most common playerrace in the Forgotten Realms. They have unlimited progression as fighters, magicusers, clerics, and thieves.

ABILITY SCORES

The computer randomly generates the ability scores that every adverturer has. There are six ability scores, all have some effect on the play of the character, Ability scores are based on a range from 3 (low) to 18 (high). Each Character Class (see below) has a Prime Requisite ability score. A Prime Requisite of 15 or more increases the amount of Experience (see below) the character gets from adventures.

Strength (Str). This is the measure of how much a character can carry and how much damage he can do in a fight. The Prime Requisite for fighters is strength. Fighters with an 18 strength also have a percent value from 1 to 100 (listed as 01-00), denoting the highest possible natural character strength.

Intelligence (Int). This is the measure of how much a character can ultimately memorize. The Prime Requisite for magic-users is intelligence.

Wisdom (Wis). This is the measure of a character's ability to understand the ways of the world and interact with it. The Prime Requisite for cierics is wisdom.

Dexiently (Dex). This is the measure of the manual dextertly and agility of the character. The Prime Requisite for thieves is dextertly. Constitution (Con). This is the measure of the overall health of a character, it influences both titt Points (see below) and the character's chance of surviving the effects of a raise-dead spell.

Charisma (Cha). This is the measure of how well the character interacts with other characters. It is sometimes a factor when the character has an encounter with Non-Payer Characters, usually called NPCs.

Each character also has two other important values: Hit Points and Experience Points. Mit Points (MF). This characteristic is derived from a character's constitution (he gains a bonus to his till Points per level if his constitution is over 14), his level, and his character class (see below). Every time a character is hit in combat, he loses HP. A character with many HP can survive far longer in combat than one with few HP. When a character reaches 0 HP he is Unconscious and may be Dying or Dead, depending on how much damage he has taken.

Experience Points (XP). As a character has adventures, kills monsters, and accumulates treasure, he gains Experience Points. When he has enough XP he can increase in level, becoming more profiledent in his class. The computer keeps track of XP. Every character starts at first level with 0 XP.

CHARACTER CLASSES

An adventurer must be at least one of the following character classes. A human adventurer can only be one class, non-humans can combine classes. A character with combined classes has more playing options, but he advances more slowly in

his professions because he is doing more than one thing at a time and his XP are divided up among his classes. Cleric. The cleric is a holy crusader who lights for the causes of his religion. Due to religious restrictions, he cannot use a cutting weapon that draws blood, such as a sword or an arrow, but can use any form of armor and use crushing weapons, such as a mace. He casts holy spelis that can heal and support his friends and also uses his natural holy power to drive away undead. Some magic flems are actually holy objects that only a cleric can use. A cleric gains 1-8 HP with every advance in level to 9th level, plus any constitution bonus. From 10th level on, he adds 2 HP per level, without constitution bonus.

Pighter. The fighter can use any form of armor or weapon including magic ones, but most other magical items, and all magical spells, are beyond him. A fighter gains 1-10 HP plus constitution bonus with each advance in level through 9th level. With the 10th level, he gains 3 HP per level without constitution bonus.

Magic-User. The magic-user is potentially the most powerful character class, but he starts out weak, Initially, he has very few Iff. In addition, he cannot memorize many spells, and must carefully husband his few spells until he gains more through advancement in level.

The beginning magic-user is given four finst-level spells in his magic book. He can add one additional spell to his magic book every time he advances a level. He can also scribe spells into his magic book from scrolis he finds in the course of his adventures.



orm of armor or any weapon other than a In this game, magicusers cannot use any magic items only a magic-user can use. A advance in level through 11th level, plus dagger or staff. However, there are many beyond he gains only 1 HP per further constitution bonus. At 12th level and madicuser gains 1-4 HP with every

this craft. To be a proficient thief, a characbrute force-to win his objective. This is the halfilings and elves are especially adept in uses trickery and misdirection-instead of Tailed. This is the thief of the same, who only profession in which demi-humans may climb as far as any human, Indeed, ber must have a high dexterity. Puleves must stick to leather-based armor 10th level. They galn 2 HP, without constithief gains 1-6 HP with every advance in and have a restricted list of weapons. A evel, plus constitution bonus, through ution bonus, per level thereafter.

is split between the two classes even when the gains all the benefits of both classes in he cannot further advance in one of them. classes involved. However, his experience When a character is more than one class. Multiple Classes. Non-human races can ids HP per level are averaged among the sometimes be a combination of classes. regard to weapons and equipment.

ALIGNMENTS

and you can choose any of those you wish game view him. The computer provides all lives by. While the actions of a character Alignment is the philosophy a character the possible Alignments for a character are under your control, the character's alignment can affect how NPCs in the

Lawful Good, Followers of this alignment use these principles to bring all the benestrictly interpret law and order, but they fils to the society.

ment view regulation as all-important, taking a middle road between good and evil. Lawful Neutral. Followers of this align-

believe in the rulership of the strong and Lawful Evil. Pollowers of this alignment the enslavement of the weak.

ment believes there must be some regula Neutral Good. The follower of this aligntion in combination with freedoms if the best is to be brought to the world.

balance-law and chaos, and good and evil-True Neutral, A follower of this alignment believes that everything must be kept in to maintain world harmony.

considerations as long as evil is brought to ment considers law and chaos to be minor Neutral Evil. The follower of this alignthe world. Chaode Good, Pollowers of this alignment value randomness and freedom, but also value life and individual welfare.

ment value randomness and disorder over Chaotic Neutral. Followers of this aiigneither evil or good,

glory, and prestige in a system ruled by his good deeds. He seeks positions of power, Chaode Evil. The Chaode Evil character disdains laws and order, kindness and

STAKTING EQUIPMENT

Each character is assumed to have starting on-screen list of items only includes imporequipment including clothes, boots, backpack, money pouch, food, water, tinderoox, and flint and steel. The character's and items such as weapons, armor and

PLAYING THE GAME

characters provided or you can create your To play Poot, or Rydwince you need a party of characters. You can use the party of OWIL.

CREATING A PARTY OF CHARACTERS

disk for use in missions. You may have up to 6 Player Characters (called PCs or char-A party is a group of characters you have control up to 8 characters in a game, but the remaining two slots are left open for YPCs your characters may hire or meet generated and saved to the save game acters) in your party at a time. You can along the way. When starting a game, the first screen you see is one with positions for the vital inforand a menu with all the ways of putfing together an adventuring party. This is the mation about the characters in the party Party Creation Menu.

Party Creation Menus Create New Character Orea Character

Remove Character Fram Party Add Character To Party Load Sayed Garne Medity Character rain Character View Character

Save Current Same Segin Adventaring The following describes the results of using each command.

CREATE NEW CHARACTER

turer from scratch. This leads you through This is the opportunity to build an advena series of menus to help you define the

choice of the the six races a player-charac-Pick Race Menu. This gives you the ter can be in the Porquiten Realms.

race, you pick their gender. Dender affects Mck Gender, After you pick a characters the possible strength of a character and choose from to represent the character. what sort of portraits you will have to

again and it will randomly generate a differthe rolls, and take the character as generent character. Otherwise, you may accept scores, you may have the computer roll The computer then randomly generates the ability scores that every adventurer has. Once you have seen the ability

your own character from the AD&D® game opportunity to after the character to match by using the Modify Character command If you accept the rolls, you still have the described later.

choice of the class or classes your charac-Pick Churacter Class. This gives you the ter is qualified for based on his race and ability scores. Mck Alignment. From this menu the computer provides all the possible Alignments for a character. You can choose the one you wish.

Name Character. Your choice of name for a character is entirely up to you. You cannot use more than 15 letters in a name.

save the character. If you save the charac-The computer displays the complete charbecome one of the regular characters you ter, it is written to the save game disk to acter screen and gives you a chance to



At this time the computer generates a portrait of your character. You can choose both the head and body of your character's portrait. You then choose the weapon, head, and colors for your character's comhat icon (the figure that represents the character in combat). Refer to the Encamp section for instructions on how to alter combat icons.

Edf. From any of these menus this command brings you back to the Party Creation Menu.

DROP CHARACTER

This command is only used when you never want to play with a particular character again, it eliminates the characters record from the save game disk and leaves a space in which you can create a new character to fill.

MODIFY CHARACTER

You may bring your favorite beginning AD&D® character into the Poot, or FANANCE. Create a character of the proper race and class and then modify it to match your non-computer AD&D® character. You can adjust the created character's ability scores and HF. The character must start at 0 XP and with no items beyond those he can buy with his initial gold allowance.

TRAIN CHARACTER

Use this command when a character has attained enough experience to advance a level (see Appendices). This is available at the start of an adventure and when the party travels to the Guild to get training.

The computer asks who is to train, and checks the current XP of the character. If he has sufficient points, the computer subtracts the cost of the training from the character's current money and the character advances a level. This takes no game them.

A character can only advance as high as the highest level character willing to train him. In the Training Hall of Phian, the maximum limits are 8th level fighter, 9th level thief, and 6th level cleric and magic-user.

VIEW CHARACTER

This allows you to View a Character, as described under that heading below.

ADD CHARACTER TO PARTY

This command allows you to pick party members from previously used characters that are on a save game disk.

REMOVE CHARACTER PROM PARTY

Since a party may only Include 6 player characters, you can use this command to write a character to the sawe game disk and then substitute another with the Add Character To Party command. The Saved character will replace the previous entry for that character on the save game disk.

LOAD SAVED GAME

This command brings up a previous adverturing party from the save game disk.

SAVE CURRENT GAME

This command puts the group you are currently constructing onto the save game disk for future reference. Then some versions will allow you to exit the game.

BEGIN ADVENTURING

When your party is ready to go, use this command to return to the game. Follow the on-screen messages to get back into the game and you are ready to go with your new party of adventurers.

YON-PLAYER CHARACTERS (NPCs);

In the course of a game, the party can run into many characters controlled by the computer. They may talk to the party, attack the party, and even offer to join the party. These are known as Non-Flayer Characters, or NPCs.

There are three kinds of NPCs: those you can hire at the Training Hall to adventure

with your party, filling in the two slots possible in a party that you cannot fill with player characters: those who volunteer to join the party for a specific mission or quest; and those who wont join the party but will give either information or a fight.

WHAT YOU CAN DO WITH NPCS

NPCs that want to join you are treated like your player characters, with a few differences. Remember that you only have room for 2 NPCs if you have a full party of 6 player characters. During an adventure you may find NPCs that you want to add to your party. You should seldom have more than 7 characters in your party so there is room to add the NPC.

The computer commands NPCs in battle. They have Morale. If things are going badly for the party, they may run, even if you don't want them to. You can give NPCs treasure, which may help their morale, but you cannot trade their items to other characters. If they die, however, you can use the Trade Items function to take their items.

COYALTY

NPCs can also be traitors insinuated into your party, depending on the way the adventure goes. They can spy on you and give information to your enemies, and even turn on you in battle. NPCs can be a big help, but don't trust them in every situation.

VIEWING A CHARACTER

THE CHARACTER SOREEN:

screen displays the character's name, race, pieces, which the character can use in buy you use the View command. The character initially, the computer generates a random ing, there are several entries on the screen character class, and ability score. The current wealth of the character is also shown. ing his equipment. Later, as the character accumulates wealth through his adventurin the Appendices, the value of gems and ewelry vary and are found when they are and jewelry. The value of coins are listed The character screen appears whenever pieces (gp), platinum pieces (pp), gems and age. It also displays his alignment, showing the copper pieces (cp), silver pieces (sp), electrum pieces (ep), gold number between 30 and 180 in gold appraised.

The screen also shows the character's current level, his earned XP, and his current. HP. If the HP are highlighted, the character has taken damage that has not been healed. The number shown is his current. HP, not his normal HP. Once the character has healed all the damage, the number reverts to normal. The Armor Class is shown as AC; the lower the AC number, the better the armor. Then it shows the character's Ready weapon and what armor he is wearing. This is followed by the character's To Hit AC o (THACO). The lower the character's THACO, the better fighter he is. This is followed by the damage the character does, which depends on his strength and the weapon he has ready.

The last entry is the Character Status. This is an indication of the current health of the character. The Ch., racter Status can be:

MO

The character has positive HP and can move and fight normally.



INCONSCIOUS

move or fight, but is in no danger of dying, The character has exactly 0 HP. He cannot

healing magic is applied. If the character is Unconscious, Healing magic will make him The character will die in a short period of time unless the character is handaged or (see Combat). A character who survives a after combat and becomes Unconscious character who is Dying has a chance of assumed to have his wounds bandaged OK again. In the course of a combat, a becoming Dead unless he is bandaged combat in Dying status is automatically bandaged his status changes to

ing any combat) and can possibly be resurwith the party (assume he is set down durrected with a raise dead spell from an NPC The character has died. He will be brought cleric. The character's actual chance of being raised when the spell is used depends on his constitution.

tle. After a battle is over, he can rejoin the The character fled from the previous batparty as if nothing had happened, and regain his previous status.

The character has been destroyed by dragother form of total destruction. He cannot on flame, a disintegrate spell, or some be Raised from the Dead,

VIEW OPTIONS:

To inspect the active character choose the View command. This brings up the View Memil.

View Menus

WEW: ITEMS SPELLS TRADE DROP EXT

Ready cannot be used. Not all commands character's items and their combat ready what liens the character is carrying. The status are displayed. An item that is not Using this command allows you to see in the Item Menu are always available.

lines each with 21 Arrows. Only frems like arrows, that are shown as several items on

half the number of items; such as two

often combined onto one line, such as 42 Arrows, Haive creates two lines, each with

Malve. Multiple Items such as arrows are

tem Menur

READY USE TRADE DROP RALVE JOHN SELL ID BOT

change the status of the weapon, armor, or cannot use more than two hand-held items time. Arrows are assumed to be in a quiver Ready. If you want to ready or unready an tem, you can use the Ready command to other hem. A character has several restricand can be Readled at all times, though tions on what he can use. Basically, he sword, a shield, and a bow at the same at once. Thus, he cannot have ready a they cannot be used unless a bow is Readled as well

shown is the total of the numbers in all the

former lines. No more than 250 of an item

can be joined on one line. NOTE: The Ready status (Yes or No) of the Item

depends on the line that all the others are

olned with.

item on the Items screen, you can use this

have several lines of arrows or a similar

Join. This is the opposite of Halve. If you

one line, can be halved.

command on one line and all similar lines

are joined with it. The number of Items

Combat for targeting) and proceed back to Use. This command means the character will be asked to indicate the target (see s going to use an Item. In Combat, you the Combat Menu.

This is a listing of what spells a magicuser

or cleric has memorized and is ready to

cast (see Magic Menu).

ple (terns in one transaction) is to go to the pears on the Item list of the receiving charasks which character you are trading with. indicate which item (you can trade multifrom the trading character's list and reapgive up an item once he has it, unless he other character and the Item disappears screen switches to the Party Screen and acter. Remember that an NPC does not indicate the character and the screen trade. If you use this command, the switches back to the Items Screen.

the Item Is gone. It cannot be retrieved, Do Drop, If this command is used on an Item, not use this if you want to give the Item to someone else, that's what the Trade command is for.

After you create your party, you appear in the civilized section of Phian. The party is

ready to begin adventuring.

If this command is used on money, the

money is gone. It cannot be retreived.

VISSIONS:

or report to the City Council of Phlan. They town and run across dangerous situations. rewards when the missions are completed your increased expertise and their opinion of you. Phian is split into two sections: the trolled by monsters. After you clear all the Phlan is a very dangerous place. The dvimonsters from a block, settiers move in bothold, You can either wander around ones are more ambitious to match both civilized section is controlled by the setinitial missions are local in nature, later tiers and the uncivilized section is conwill assign the party missions and give ized nations are only now gaining a and it becomes chilized.

POINTS OF VIEW

wilderness, there are three different points As you move around the town and the of view: 3-D, Area, and Wilderness.

D. This command is described under the

Shop Menu.

Self. This command is described under

the Shop Menu.

This appears with the Adventure Menu are any other built-up area. It shows a view of the surrounding area as seen by the party. the screen shows what compass direction you must rotate the party using the directhe party is facing and the coordinates of time you are in town, underground, or in It only shows one direction at a time, so tional controls (see Adventure Menu) to see in each direction. At the same time, their location in their current block.

It does not appear in the Wilderness. There area. It can only be obtained in a 3-D view, This option is given in the Adventure Menu when the 3-D view is shown on the screen. water, etc. A cursor shows the position of and an overhead view of the surrounding This view shows the position of the party major obstructions such as walls, trees, is no real detail, just the position of all the party.

acter. The coins disappear from the trading

record of the receiving character.

rading with, and then indicate which coins and how much are to go to the other charcharacter's list and reappear on the money

another, Indicate which character you are This command is used when you want to

muster money from one character to



WILDERYESS

This screen shows when the party is traveling in the Wilderness. It displays an image of the party moving through a map-like wilderness. It shows the area around the party for 2 moves in each direction. If there is an encounter in the wilderness, an image of the encountered monster appears next to the icon showing the location of the party. You will be given all the usual options for the encounter (see Encounters).

BLOCKS

Most adventures take place in one or more blocks of 16 squares by 16 squares. The party moves from block to block by moving into a long corridor with a low ceiling. Stairs and caves with low ceilings may also move the party from one block to another.

TIME AND THE PARTY

from the moment the party begins its adventures in Phian, the clock is ticking. The longer it takes a party to complete a mission, the harder it becomes.

MOVING AROUND:

The first thing a new party must do is equip itself from the Shops. Then it has to get to the scene of its adventures. There are two ways of doing this,

TOWN TRAVEL

You can walk the party to in-town missions, having encounters along the way.

WILDERNESS TRAYEL

Some missions involve locations away from Phlan. The party travels in the Wilderness Point of View until they reach the location of the mission. The computer keeps track of the time traveled.

CIVILIZATIONS

The civilized section of Phian contains a number of locations of interest to the party. In the civilized section the party can find out information, train, rest and heal, and buy and sell equipment.

THE CITY COUNCIL

This is where the characters meet the Council and receive missions and news.

THE DOCKS

The party may catch a bost at the docks to take them to otherwise inaccessible blocks and into the wildemess.

THE INNS

These give a safe haven in which to Rest (using the Encamp Menu). Each stay at an Inn costs money, but once you begin your stay you can rest as long as you like.

THE TAVERNS

These are rowdy places full of gossip, stories, and information.

THE TRAINING HALL

This is where the characters can receive training from NPCs of higher level and add starting PCs. This displays the Party Creation Menu so that you can use the Train Character command.

THE SHOPS

Here the characters can buy their initial equipment and later sell some of their treasure and upgrade their equipment. When you enter a Shop, you are presented with the Shop Menu.

Shop Menu

IUT VIEW TAKE POOL SHARE APPRAISE EXIT

Bay. If you use this command, the computer displays a list of Rems available and their cost. If you by to buy something you do not have the money for, the computer tells you so. If you try to buy something that will overload you, the computer tells you that, too.

Mew. This is the same screen as shown for this command in other menus with the addition of the Appraise command in the View Menu, and the Seil and ID commands in the Items Menu.

SELL. Use the cursor to highlight any Item you want to sell. The Shop will make an offer and you can either sell or not. If you decide to sell, the screen asks you one more time to be sure, then the Item is done.

The shops in Phian are very busy: no item sold to a merchant remains for long. If you sell an item, it won't be there when you go back.

ID. This command is used to get a magical evaluation of a magic item. The shop changes you for the service of identifying the madic on an item. Take. If you have left money through the Pool or Drop commands, you can use this command to pick it up again. Indicate that you want to take money and who will take it. The computer then displays each type of coin available and how many of each coin there are. You indicate how many of the coins the character takes. One character can take all of the coins if he has the strength to do so, or you can allow each character to take a share.

If you try to pick up more than the character can carry, the screen displays a message saying. The character is overloaded and will not let any more coins be put on the character. Remember, carrying lots of coinage slows a character down in combat

Peot. This command makes all the party members drop all of their money into one pool of money. All purchases made at the shop come out of this central pool.

Anything left over can be picked up again using the Take Menu.

Share, This command picks up all the money in the pool, divides it into shares, and distributes it among the characters. Appraise, This is used in Shops to get an appraisal of any gems and jewelry the churacter has. The computer asks what gems and jewelry are to be appraised, and offers a price on the indicated gem or jewelry. Once you have received a price, you may take it and the item is sold. The money is immediately put in your money record. If you do not want to sell immediately (gems and jewelry are a lot easier to carry than colns), the gems and jewelry become items and go from the money record on the Character Screen to the items list, and can be sold off of that list like any other item.

THE TEMPLES

The temple will cast cierical healing spells for a price. When you enter the temple, the Temple Menu is presented. Except for Heal, the commands on the Temple Menu are the same as those on the Shop Menu.

Temple Menu:

Meal. This command displays a list of the healing spells the clerics will cast. Indicate the spell you want cast. The computer displays the cost and asks you to confirm that you still want them to cast the spell. The cost of a spell may vary depending on the recipient and circumstances.



DVENTURE MENU

The Adventure Menu allows access to all of the main functions in the Poot or Ruswer. This menu shows either the current 3-D picture of the area in front of the party and the status of the party (if in a town adventure), or the area around the party (if in the wilderness). If any party members are injured, their hit point numbers (showing how many they have now) are highlighted for easy recognition. There are serveral commands available to you from this menu.

Adventure Menui

MOVE VIEW CAST AREA ERCAMP SEARCH LOOK

HOVE;

This is the command to move the party.

How the party moves is shown on the
Quick Reference Card provided with the
game for your computer.

In 3-D travel, the Party can move forward, move backwards, turn right, or turn left. Sormally, each movement forward or backputs the party into another square and takes one minute of game time. Turning keeps the party in the same square and takes no game time. If the party has Search on, moving one square takes 10 minutes.

In the Wilderness, the party can move in any of eight directions. Moving one square takes a half a day of game time. Search mode has no effect in the wilderness.

VIEW

This displays the Character Screen, as described in Viewing a Character.

CAST

This command sends you to the Cast Menu so your active character can throw a magic speil. See the section on Magic for a description of how to cast speils and their effect.

.....

This shows an overhead view of the area around the party. If the party is lost or in unfamiliar territory this command may not be available.

ENCAMP

This command sends you to the Encamp Menu. This is a very important part of the game, and is described in detail in its own section.

SEARCH

A party can move in Search Mode, which takes 10 minutes of game time per move. This allows the party to carefully search the area they are passing, but also gives wandering monsters a greater chance to find them. You only need to hit the Search command once to start the party moving at Search speed, then hit the command again later to reset them to normal movement. You do not need to hit Search for every move.

In Search you are assumed to be checking for secret doors, mapping, moving as sliently as possible, hiding in any available shadows, and generally being as careful as possible.

If you never go to Search mode, you will ran into fewer wandering monsters (because you are moving faster) but have much less chance of finding concealed treasures or traps before they are sprung.

LOOK:

This command is used to look at a square more closely, as if your party moved into the square again. If the party is moving at normal rate, then a Look command treats that particular square as if the party moved into it in Search mode.

BNCAMP

This command is used in several menus to take time off and try to rebuild characters and the party. It is used to handle day-to-day functions such as saving the game, resting to heal, or memorize spelis (described under Magic Menu), and changing game items such as game speed or party order.

Encamp Menus

ENCAMP, SAVE VIEW MAGIC REST ALTER EXIT

AVE

This command saves the characters and game as they are. Check the Quick Reference Card for any system specific details of how to save your game.

TE IN

This displays the View Menu, as described under Viewing a Character. In camp, this does not display the Sell Item or ID commands.

MAGIC

Magic is a very important part of Poot or Runwice and is described later under its own heading. Magical Spells can only be memorized while the party is in camp.

REST

One of the most important aspects of the Encamp Menu is the chance to rest. Characters catch their normal sieep without having to go to camp. However, to memorize spells or heal naturally, specific rest time is necessary. For every 24 uninterrupted hours of resting in camp, every wounded character regains one hit point above and beyond any recovery galned from healing magics.

The initial resting time is established by anyone who is memorizing spells. The screen will show the days, hours, and min-

utes necessary for the speli-using members of the party to memorize (or pray for) the spelis they want to memorize. Memorizing any spells at all takes a minimum of four hours. Third level spells take a minimum of six hours. See the Magic Menu for further description of memorizing spells.

Rest can be interrupted by any random encounter. Only take long rests in safe places, such as inns, hideouts, or secure buildings.

Rest Menu:

MEST INCADASE DECARAGE DUT

TOT

Once you have determined the full time you want the party to rest, this command starts them Resting.

CHPAGE

This command adds to the time that the party will stay in camp, usually for resting to regain lost hit points. Every 24 uninterrupted hours in camp restores 1 HP to every injured member of the group.

DECREASE

This command decreases the time to be spent in camp. This may mean that characters do not memorize all the spells they want or that characters may not recover all their hit points, but sometimes time constraints are part of the adventure, and the party cannot spend all the time it wants resting.

ALTER:

This command is used to change the basic makeup of both the party and the characters who are part of it. You are given the following menu:

Alter Menus

ALTER: ORDER DROP SPEED ICOM PICS DUT



ORDER

This command allows you to reorganize your characters for combat. You can place characters in the first or second rank. The first four characters are in the first rank, where they will meet enemies hand-to-hand, the rest are in the second rank, where they can use spells and misslie weapons.

The computer asks who takes position number 1, etc. and reforms the group, with position #1 on top, when all the choices are made. Position of NPCs can be changed with this command.

DROP

This command allows you to permanently drop a character or NPC from the party.

Once dropped, the character is gone from the party and his current version will not be saved if you then use the Save command to save the game.

GERD

This command controls the speed of messages presented on the screen. If you are having trouble reading messages before they disappear, use the Slower command. If messages seem to take forever to get off the screen, use the Faster command. Note that once you have used this command, it affects all subsequent messages, and you may have to reuse the command if later messages are too fast or too slow.

Speed Mentin

PED: NOWER FAITER EXIT

When a character is created, he is given a combat foon. When the party is in Combat, each party member's foon designates his position and general facing on the screen.

The foon command is used to change the character's foon. You can customize this foon to represent the character's favorite weapons, armor, and colors. You may want to do this when the character picks up a new weapon.

Icon Menu

DOM: PARTS COLOR SUPE EXIT

Parts. You can after the weapon (which controls the rest of the body shape) or the head of the loon. You are shown both the Ready Icon character and the character's Action Icon (which shows the character setaction).

When you are done choosing the weapon and head, you can reject the new form or accept it. The screen shows you the new and old versions of the Ready and Action

Parts Menu: MIE: WU/ON HOLD DUT

Color. You use Color to after the color of virtually every part of the Icon, as shown on the screen. Some of the areas you can after on the Icons do not correspond to the terms given in the menu. For instance, changing the shield color for a character with a bow or crossbow actually changes the color of the arrows or quarrels. Flay with the Icons commands until you get a feel for how these variables work.

COTOR PIERRIE MEAPON BODY CAP HAIN SHIELD ANN LEG EXTE

Size. Large size loons are usually used for humans, elves, and half-elves. Small size loons are usually used for dwarves, gnomes, and halflings.

Size Menus

SIZE LANGESMALL EXIT

Exit. When you are done, use this command. The computer will ask you to confirm any changes to your icons. Make your choice and the computer returns to the Alter Menu.

PICS

This command governs when character and encounter pictures will be displayed.

Pics Menus

PICS: CHARACTERS DRIOFF MONSTERS DRIOFF EXTE

Characters On/Off. This command governs the portraits displayed with the character statistics when you use the View command. Characters On shows the pictures when you view a character; Characters Off hides the pictures. Having the characters hidden slightly speeds up the game since the computer does not have to take the time to load or draw the portrait each time.

Monsters On/Off. This command governs the pictures that appear during encounters. Monsters On shows the animated picture when the monsters get to the closest range in an encounter; Monsters Off hides the animated pictures.

ENCOUNTERS

When a party comes across NPCs of any kind, there is an encounter. The computer provides a quick glimpse of who the party has encountered, then asks what you want to do.

The computer determines whether both parties see each other, the NPCs surprise the party, or the party surprises the NPCs. If the party surprised the NPCs, the party can attack Immediately, getting a free round to attack in which the NPCs cannot retailate. This opportunity must be taken at once or surprise is lost.

If hostile NPCs surprise the party, the NPCs can attack immediately and get a series of attacks in without retailation by the party.

if the NPCs do not surprise the party, the

computer offers these commands.

Encounter Memu

ENCOUNTER: COMBAT WAIT FLEE ADVANCE/FANLAY

COMBAT:

The party attacks the NPCs. Who goes first is decided on the basis of initiative, which is explained in the Combat section.

WAIT

This command allows the NPCs to dedde what to do. They may walt, combat, flee, advance (if more than a square away) or parlay (if in the same square).

FIFE

If you see RPCs you think your party cannot fight successfully, use this command to run away. If successful, you may flee whithy, risking getting lost. If unsuccessful (because the RPCs can move faster than you do) you go to combat.

ADVANCE

If the NPCs are far away use this command to approach them. Once the NPCs are adjacent to the party the Advance command will be replaced with the Parlay command.

PARLAY

Use this command to speak with NFCs that are adjacent to the party. Choose a character to speak for the party. Pick the character who you think will make the best impression on the NFCs. Then, choose one of five possible attitudes for dealing with the NFCs.

Parlay Menus

PARLAY: HADGHTY SLY MEEK MICE ANDSINE

HAUGHTY

You try to demonstrate your superiority to the inferior creatures you are dealing with. Some encounters only respect an air of superiority and are impressed enough to cooperate; this is also a good way to make them resentful and attack.



ABS

You try to get information out of the NPCs without them realizing you are doing so. Some NPCs will realize you are trying to get something out of them and will become hostle.

MEPK

You are mild and unassuming in hopes that the RPCs will think you are not worth attacking. Of course, some RPCs attack meek opponents, because they are easy pickings.

MICE

You try to be friendly in hopes the RPCs are friendly to you. Some RPCs do not choose to be friendly to anyone.

ABUSIVE

You try to browbest information out of the NPCs. It is best not to do this unless you have the power to back up your threat.

The computer assumes you are as effective as possible in the atthude you call for.

COMBAT

In many adventures the party will have to fight to defeat the enemy. In combat the computer determines which characters (both player characters and NPCs) have initiative (i.e., which goes first) and depicts that person and his nearby compatriots.

If the character is a PC then the player will control his actions. If the character is an NPC, or a PC under computer control using the Quick command, the computer determines his actions.

HITTING THE TARGET:

The ability of an attacker to hit a target with a melee weapon (such as a sword, spear, or fist) or a missile weapon (such as a bow or crossbow) depends on the chance the attacker has of hitting the Armor Class of the target. This is repre-

sented by a number called the THACO. The lower the THACO the better the chance to hit.

A target's defense is his Armor Class, or AC. This is influenced by the armor worn, plus the dexterity of the target and any benefit various magic spelis may have. (Nagic has another method of hitting a target; see the Magic rules). The lower the Armor Class number, the better the armor.

The number needed for an attacker to hit a target is the attacker's THACO minus the target's Armor Class. The attacker hits if a random number from 1-20 is greater than or equal to this number. Thus, a person with a THACO of 18 needs a 14 or more to hit Armor Class 4. Armor classes can go into negative numbers, so the same character trying to hit Armor Class -1 would need to get a 19 or better.

In a combat, the first and second attackers strike at the defender's front. The third attacker strikes at the defender's rear, unless all the attackers are adjacent. The fourth and any additional attackers strike at the defender's rear. The defender's AC is substantially reduced against rear attacks.

A thief forms the only exception to the automatic facing rules. If the thief attacks from exactly opposite the first attacker, he can backstab. A backstab has a better chance of hitting the defender, and does additional damage when it does hit.

USING MISSILE MEAPONS:

A character may not use a missile weapon if he has an opponent next to him. If he has no opponent next to him, he can fine a missile at anyone in his line of sight. The Next and Prev commands will only aim at largets in the attacker's line of sight.

BEGINNING COMBAT:

Each character can be controlled manually or by the computer. At the beginning of combat each character is controlled the same as he was in the previous combat. Any character under manual control may be turned over to the computer using the Quick command. All characters may also be simultaneously switched to manual control or computer control. Check your Quick Reference Card for the commands used on your system.

EXECUTING COMBAT:

When a combat begins, the screen shows the area around the character with the highest initiative. The entire party may not be on the screen at the same time, and one can rarely see all of the monsters at one time. The computer indicates the active character and lists his name, current condition, armor class, and current ready weapon.

Characters and NPCs move according to each character's dexterlty and a random mumber generated by the computer. This is called an initiative Number and changes with every combat round. Usually higher dexterity characters move before lower dexterity characters.

You may use the following commands to handle your side of the battle. If a character cannot use a command (such as Turn for a non-cleric or Cast for a fighter or thiel) it does not appear.

The Combat Menu:

This is used to move a character and to attack. You attack by moving the character into an enemy's square. You can even attack party members, but the computer gives you a chance to abort such an attack. If you disengage an enemy, he gets a free attack at your back, as do others you move by.

Some characters may have multiple attacks in one turn. Bows get two attacks per turn. High level fighters get two attacks every other turn. All of a character's attacks are taken against his first turget. If the first turget goes down with the first attack, you may aim the remaining attack at another enemy.

Pigliters may make a special form of multiple attacks called a sweep. A sweep may attack several weak targets with a single blow each.

Refer to your Quick Start Card to find out how to move the character with your particular computer. The number of spaces a character can move is reduced by the weight carried. A character weighted down with coins or extra armor and weapons cannot move as fast as he could without the items. Bulky armor can also reduce movement.

A character who is faster than any enemy can run away from the fight, evertually running from the battlefield. A character who is as fast as the fastest monister, only has a 50% chance of getting away (otherwise he must remain until the end of the fight). A character who is slower than any enemy cannot run off the edge of the fight ing area. A character who has run away is no longer part of the fight. He returns after the fight is over.

MAL

This is essentially the same command used any time you wish to see a character. Using this, you can ready appropriate weapons to meet the fight in progress. Some options, such as Trade, are not available in the middle of combat. The Use command shows up under items to allow you to use an item, such as a wand, in combat.



This command is used to aim an attack using the following options.

Aim Menus

AIM: REXT PREY MANUAL TARGET EXIT

Next. Use this command to look at all posputer looks at ALL possible targets, includfirms your order first, before shooting at a ing other party members; don't shoot with sible targets, starting with the one closest out looking, (However, the computer conthen going to the next closest. The com-

at the possible targets starting with the one Next command. Use this command to look Prev (Previous). This is the opposite of the to find a good target without working your your character. Usually this is a good way farthest away and working back toward way through all of your PCs first.

for finding opposing leaders and targeting Manual. This command lets you aim any where on the map. It is espedaily useful spells with area effects.

ranged weapon, or an Item prepared with the Use command, this command shoots Target, If your character has a ready at the target you selected.

the Items command under the View Menu. Its command allows the character to use brings up the same screen and menu as any non-weapon item. The command

recently, the character's concentration may be broken and you won't be given the Cast Cast options of the Magic Menu (see that This is only available to magic-users and able. Using this command brings up the clerics when they still have spells availdescription of the Magic Rules), If hit option.

party. This has no effect on any other form of monster. See the Appendices for a clerc's minimum level to affect various forms Clerics can sometimes destroy undead monsters or turn them away from the of undead.

to handle fights against hordes of less powcharacter to the computer. It is a good way the computer controls him in future fights This command turns over control of the lished computer control for a character, erful opponents. Once you have estabuntil you interrupt it.

The computer uses ready melee or missile between them to the most appropriate in the situation. The computer plays a very weapons and available spells, switching aggressive game.

DOME

his command is used when a character tas finished his turn.

Done Menus

SUARD DELAY QUIT MAKDADE TPEED DOT

Guard. The character can adopt this tactic and simply walt to meet any attacker. This means that he attacks the first foe that noves adjacent to him before the foe attacks him.

again, He can continue to delay his actions character's action by reducing his initiative number by 1. If he is the only one to be at Delay. This command lets you delay this until all others have had their action for the next lowest number, it is his action that round and then he must take an action or lose it.

Quilt. You can signify you are finished with his character by using this Command.



member of the party is dying. The character for whom the command appears can use this command to bandage the party member and keep him from dying, Speed. This command is described under the Alter continuand of the Encamp Menu.

IF THE PARTY FILES:

dead party members are permanently lost the very end of the combat, the bodies of assumed to be with the party. If the party As long as any party member survives to unconscious or dead party members are flees from combat all unconscious and

IF THE PARTY DIES:

If ALL the party members are stain you will have to go back to your last Saved Clame and try again from that point.

AFTER COMBAT:

When combat is over, the screen will show sent a menu of commands. If a command does not apply to this after-combat situasome congratulatory message, then predon, it will not appear.

freasure Menu

WEW TAKE POOL SHARE DETECT EXT

can use the Drop commands in both the frems menu and in the Character Screen See Inspect a Character. At this time you menu.

TAKE

This command is used to pick up treasure.

Take Menu:

DATE ITEMS MONEY DUT

Rems. Use this command to produce a list of items carried by the monsters you have overcome. If more than one had a missile weapon, all of their remaining missiles are lumped into one line (if there are more

and armor used by monsters are substandard and not worth picking up as treasure. on another line). Frequently, the weapons than 100, 99 are on one line and the rest so they are not listed.

If one character tries to pick up too many loaded and will not allow the acquisition. tems, the computer will say he is over-

character can take all of the coins if he has Money. The computer displays each type the coins the active character takes. One coin there are, You indicate how many of of coln available and how many of each the strength to do so, or you can allow each character to take a share.

if you try to pick up more than the characsage saying. The character is overloaded, coinage slows a character down in combat and will not let any more coins be put on the character. Remember, carrying lots of ter can carry, the screen displays a mes-

of money. It becomes part of the treasure bers drop all of their money into one pool and the party members can use the Take This command makes all the party mem-Menu to reapportion their funds.

the treasure, divides it into shares, and dis-This command picks up all the money in ributes it among the characters.

DETECT

This command casts a detect magic from the current active character.

be picked up, the machine will remind you This command lets you leave the scene of the battle. If there are still items that can that there is still treasure left. You can go back to the Treasure Menu or leave the treasure and go to the Adventure Menu.



MAGIC

Magic is integral to Poor, or RADANCE, Both magic-users and cierlos can use magical spells.

HOW MAGIC WORKS:

A spell can exist in one of three forms: in Memory, In Spell Book, and On a Scroll.

IN MEMORY

spell. He can cast the spell as shown in the A magicuser or cieric who has a spell in Memory is said to have memorized the Cast command description.

IN SPELL BOOK

Book. They can only write those spells into the book of which they have the ability to spells among which they choose the ones Magic-users write their spells into a Spell keep a spell book, they simply pray each they want to memorize. Clerics do not cast. The books are compendiums of day to get their spells.

does not need a read mapic spell to read a has been cast or scribed from a scroll, the can read the spell. Once any kind of spell A spell written on an enchanted scroll can magic-user must cast the spell read magic be read by a cleric or magic-user, depend to understand the spells a scroll contains clerical spell on a scroll, but only a cleric Ing on the kind of spells on the scroll. A Once he has done that, he can read the spell aloud at any time to cast it. A cleric spell disappears.

tion. This erases the spell from the scroll into his spell books for future memoriza-A magic-user may scribe the scroll spell

available spells, be sure to exit before you the View Menu. They can get a list of their spells on scrolls from the Scribe option of the Magic Menu. If all you want is a list of Spelicasters can get a list of their memo-Magic Menu or from the Spells option of rized spells from the Cast option of the actually cast or scribe the spell.

The Magic Menus

CAST MEMORITY SCHOOL DISPLAY REST EXT

Cast. Use these commands to cast spells. character. In camp the spellcaster is the In combat the spelicaster is the current current active character.

Cast Menus

THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY.

select the spell to cast it. If necessary, indithe spells available to the active character. option. Otherwise the character returns to Menu, and the Combat Menu, it shows all The Cast Menu appears in both the Magic cate the target of the spell. If you do not "Ind the page with the spell you want to Ind the spell you want, you can Exit. In combat, the character can take another cast. Select the Cast command. Then he Made Menu. Once cast, a spell is gone until it is memofred again.

Memorize. For a character to learn a spell. one spell of a level, he can learn the same the Encamp Memi. The computer displays use this command, which only appears in mands. Remember that If a magic-user or book (or a list of possible cierical spells) cieric has the ability to learn more than a page from the active character's spell and you are offered the following comspell more than once.

MEMORIZE NEXT PREVEDE Memorize Menu



it. The 'pages' here are pages of the magic mand. Then select the spell to memorize Find the page with the spell you want to memorize. Select the memorize comspell book, rather than just the list of already memorized spells. Moding a spell to memorize does not mean spells. See the Rest command in the Magic before starting to memorize one or more level of spell, plus a period of relaxation that the spell is memorized, Learning a spell takes 15 minutes (game time) per

learned and the others lost. The spells are you have only been in camp long enough learning time must be uninterrupted. You spend the time to memorize the spell. If Only one spell may be learned at a time, once before learning several spells. The memorfized in the order you pick them. though the spellcaster need only relax have to go to the Rest command and to memorize some spells, those are

hours and 15 minutes in camp, the magic after 5 hours he has learned the invisibility time for memorization, plus 4 hours relax-Example: A magicuser decides to memo ation time. If the party is attacked before rize 2 uses of magic missile (a first level spell) and I use of Invisibility (a second level spell). This is a total of I hour of learned. If the party is attacked after 4 learned both magic missile spells, and user has learned I made missile spell. the first 4 hours are up, no spells are After 4 hours and 30 minutes he has spell as well.

sen and asks you to confirm the choloes. If computer displays the spells you have choyou confirm the choice, you go back to the choices are ignored and you must re-select Magic Menu and can select spells for the next character who needs to memorize Once you have picked all the spells for one character, you Exit the menu. The them. If you cancel the choice, all the all the character's spells.

spells the character finds on a scroll into Scribe. Use this command to inscribe

Scribe Menus

DONNE NEXT PREY EXIT

spell is of too high a level for the character marric on. Find the page with the spell you Memorizing a spell, and is unsuccessful if Scribing the spell enses it from the scroll. scrolls that the magic-user has cast read from the scroll into your spellbook. If a The computer displays all the spells on mand. Then select the spell to scribe it wish to scribe. Select the Scribe comto scribe, the computer tells you so. Scribing takes the same time as the total time is not taken.

protection from evil or invisibility. This also nature of the curse) on the party or individwhat madic spells are currently working on reminder of obvious spells working on the entire party, such as bless or light, and on individual members of the party, such as Display, Use this command to find out reveals subtle curses (though not the the party in camp. This serves as a uals in the party.

This takes you to the Rest Menu described are not memorized until the character has Rest. To memorize spells, one must Rest. in the Encamp Menu description. Spells rested the necessary time.

The Exit command in this use of the Rest Menu returns you to the Magic Menu, not the Encamp Menu.

SPELLS AVAILABLE

adventure on his own. These are shown in A beginning magic-user is given four firstlevel spells when he leaves his master to the spell book for the magicuser. Each



three the magicuser gains a level of experience, he gains one speil, even though the rise in level may give him the ability to learn more than one new speil at a time. To gain further speils, he must find scrolis in treasures and copy speils he is capable of casting into his speil book, using the Scribe command in the Madic Menu.

CLERICAL MAGIC

Clerical magic is very similar to magicuser magic, but a cieric needs no spell books. All spells possible to his level are always available to a cleric, he need only memorize them, Just what spells are available depend solely on the level of the cleric.

Therefore, when a cleric finds scrolls with cierical spells on them, he can simply use them straight off the scroll, since they are not something he needs to Scribe into a spell book.

SAVING THROWS

Magic is a chancy business. Many spells do not necessarily affect their targets. This is simulated with sawing throws. In Poot or Radance that the spell has no effect or a lesser effect on the character it is cast on. As a character gains levels, his sawing throws improve, and the character that magic affects him is decreased. The final results of any spell are shown on the computer screen.

Maglicusers have better saving throws against cast magic or magic from items, clerics have better saving throws against death and poison, and dwarves and halflings have better saving throws versus any form of magic.

THE SPELLS:

Some spells are quick and can be cast in combat, and some take an extra long time to cast. Those that take extra time can only be cast when using the Magic Menu from the Encamp Menu.

TIME AND MAGIC

The duration of magic spells is important. A spells duration is either instantaneous, as with most damage spells; measured in rounds, as with most other combat spells; measured in turns, as with many detection and protective spells; or permanent.

When planning use of spells to use in movement (such as a find traps), remember that one round equals one minute of game time and one turn equals 10 minutes of game time.

THE SPELL LIST

The spells available for characters in the Poot or Russicc are:

TRST LEVEL CLERICAL SPELLS

Bless. This spell can only be used in camp or combat, and it only affects those characters not in melec. It gives a bonus of one to their THACO for six rounds and raise es the morale of friendly NPCs by 1. Use it in camp only if you know you are going into combat immediately afterward.

Curse. This reversal of bless affects enemies not in melee and modifies their THACO and their morale by 1. Usable only in combat and lasts 6 rounds. Cure Light Wounds, This can be used any time. The caster must be next to the target. It heals 1-8 points of damage.

Cause Light Wounds. This combat-only spell causes 1-8 points of damage to one adjacent target touched by the caster.

Detect Maghe. This is similar to detect evit, but only lasts I turn. It detects the presence of magic in a 1 square by 3 square area, but gives no details on the type of magic.

Protection from Evil. This spell can be used in combat or in camp when you expect to go into combat shortly. It adds 2 to the AC of the character against evil attackers. Any saving throws caused by attacks of such monsters are at +2. This spell lasts 5 rounds per level. The caster must touch the target (which can be himself).

Protection from Good, This is essentially the same as protection from evil, but it protects against the attacks of good creatures.

Resist Cold. This spell protects the recipient against cold, providing absolute protection against cold up to 0 Pahrenhelt and an additional saving throw against cold-based attacks. The duration is 1 turn per level of the caster, and the caster must touch the

SECOND LEVEL CLERICAL SPELLS

Nind Traps. This must be cast in camp. It makes any traps in the direction the character is facing visible to the character. The spell lasts for 3 turns.

Note Person. This combat only spell holds immobile from 1-3 (cleric's choice) creatures of roughly human shape and size. The duration is 4 rounds plus 1 round per level.

Resist Fire. This is identical to resist cold, but it works against heat and heat attacks. Silence 18" Radius. This is a combat, spell. It silences any spell casting or discussion in the radius. If cast on a person, the radius follows him around for the duration of the spell unless he makes a saving throw. If cast on an area, the spell affects everything in that area for the duration of 2 rounds per level of the caster.

Slow Polson. This spell can be used in camp or combat. It revives a poisoned person for 1 hour per level of the caster. The

target of the spell then dies unless a neutralize poison (a high-level spell only used by NPCs) is cast on him. Snake Charm. This spell can be cast in combat only, it influences as many hit points of snakes as the cleric has hit points. The snakes cease all activity for 5-8 rounds.

Spiritual Hammer. This is a combat spell which creates a temporary magic liem, automatically Readied. It can strike at range and does normal hammer damage. It strikes monsters that only magical weapons can affect. This iasts for 1 round per level of caster.

THIRD LEVEL CLERICAL SPELLS

Animate Dead. This spell can be used in combat or camp. It turns a dead human person into a zomble to help the spellcaster. In combat, the zomble fights for the spellcaster, though controlled by the compater. This spell is permanent until the zomble is destroyed. If created to work with the party, a zomble becomes an NPC and there must be room for him in the party (remember, the illmit is 8 characters) or he cannot be taken along.

Cure Bilindness. This touch-only spell is used in combat or camp to cure the blinding effects of the cause blindness spell. Cause Bilindness, This touch-only spell can only be used in combat. The victim gets a saving throw. The duration is permanent until negated by cure blindness or disper massic.

Cure Disease. This spell can be used in camp only. It cures the diseases caused by mummies and the cause disease spell.



Points until he is down to 10 percent of his throw. If a character is afflicted with a disnormal values. This disease is cured by a ease, over time he loses HP and Strength Cause Disease. This is a combat spell with a touch range. There is a saving cure disease or dispel magic spell,

chance of success with this speil dependarea, in camp it affects every person and ing on the level of the caster and level of the originator of the spell to be dispelled. either in combat or camp, in combat, it affects every madic spell and item in an If successful, the target might is permitthem you select. There is a percentage Disper Magic. This spell can be used nently eradicated.

combatants by 1 and raises them by 1 for Prayer. This is a combat spell that lowers radius and lasts 1 round for each level of all THACOs and saving throws for friendly all unfriendly combatants. It has a 60' the character. Remove Curse. This can be used in camp or combat and allows the target to be rid curse spell) or put down a cursed object. of a curse (as from a curse or bestow The range is touch. Bestow Curse. This spell has a duration of I turn per level and is used in combat. It has variable effects determined by the computer

PIRST LEVEL MAGIC-USER SPELLS

Burning Mands. This touch-range combat spell causes fire damage of 1 point per level of the caster. There is no saving

target gets a saving throw when the spell is humanoid creature the caster's friend and ally. Any action of the caster will be seen in the most favorable light possible. The depending on its Intelligence. You can thrown and again days or weeks later, Charm Person. This spell makes a

never be sure the effect is permanent. For the moment, the charmed creature can become an NPC (if there is room in the party roster) under the command of the Caster.

the derical spell: its duration is 2 rounds Detect Magic. This spell is the same as per level of caster.

effect of 1 enlarge spell at a time. Unwilling makes the humanold target into an ogre or or combat and lasts for 1 turn per level of giant in size and strength for combat pur-Enlarge. This spell can be used in camp the caster. The living target increases in poses. A target can only be under the size by 20% per level of the caster. It targets get a saving throw against this

Unwilling targets get a saving throw against its effect. If the saving throw is unsuccessful, the target is reduced in size and loses Reduce. This is the opposite of enlarge. and can be used to negate enlimpe. effective strength and movement.

in that sphere falling a saving throw thinks the level of the magic-user. Everyone with everyone in a sphere that increases with Charfama. Those who make their saving Friends. This combat only spell affects Charlsma, The effects last I round per throw think he has 14 less points of the caster has 28 more points of evel of caster. Magric Missile. This is a combat spell that magic-user gets 1 missile, so magic-users and those of the 5th and 6th levels get 3 does 2-5 points of damage to the target, of the 3rd and 4th levels get 2 missiles. no saving throw. For every 2 levels, the missiles. All must be fired at once.

spell of the same name, but it lasts for 2 Protection from Evil. Like the clerical rounds per level of caster.

Protection from Good, Like the clerical spell of the same name but it lasts for 2 rounds per level of caster.

per level of caster. Once you use this spell to read a scroll you can cast the spells off (not clerical) writing, it lasts for 2 rounds Read Magle. This is only used in camp and allows the user to read any magical of the scroll.

magic missile. The spell lasts for 5 rounds improves the targets armor class and sav-Shield. This spell is a combat spell that ing throw, and negates the effect of the per level of caster. Shocking Grasp. This combat spell does -8, +1 point per level of caster, electrical damage to a target the caster touches.

steep for 5 rounds per level of caster. The Sleep, This spell puts up to 16 targets to tain power are not affected at all. No savand the bigger the monster, the fewer of them are affected. Monsters above a cereast powerful targets are affected first. ng throw.

SECOND LEVEL MAGIC-USER SPELLS

cump or combat and lasts for 5 rounds per level of caster. This has a range of 20 feet Detect Invisibility. This can be used in per level of caster.

Invisibility. This makes the target (touch range) invisible to normal and infravision until he ends the effect or attacks some-

doors or chests, it can be used in camp or Knock: This spell is used to open locked while moving,

1-4 Illusory duplicates of the magic-user. If Mirror Image. This combat spell creates



spell lasts 2 rounds per level of caster.

the does less damage for 1 round per level Ray of Enfeeblement. This combat spell has a saving throw. If the target does not make the saving throw, he is weakened of caster). Stinking Cloud, This affects a 2 square by 2 square area. Anyone in the cloud gets a less for 2-5 turns. He can move out of the cloud, but he is still helpless, if he makes long as he is in the cloud and for 1 round saving throw. If unsuccessful, he is help afterwards. The cloud lasts I round per the saving throw, he is helpiess only as level of caster

able amount depending on the class of the it raises the strength of the target by a varitarget. The duration is 6 turns per level of Strength. This spell is only used in camp. Caster

THIRD LEVEL MAGIC-USER SPELLS

blinking in and out of the area. The spell Bilink, After casting this spell, the caster can seidom be targeted because he is asts for 1 round per level of caster. Dispel Magic. This is just like the clerical spell of the same name.

each target in the area. A successful saving throw cuts the damage in half. Outdoors, a freball has a 2 square radius, Indoors, in a points of fire damage per level of caster to constrained area, it has a 5 square radius. Fireball, This area effect spell does 1-6



Maste. This combut spell affects 1 person per level of caster. Everyone affected moves twice as far and attacks twice with melee and missile weapons, but they do not throw any additional spells per round. It lasts for 5 rounds plus 1 round per level of caster. Mold Person. This is like the clerical spell, but 14 people can be affected. The duration is 2 rounds per level of caster. Invisibility, 10' Radius. This is like invisibility but affects everyone within 10 feet of the caster when it is cast. Everyone affected stays invisible, and comes out of it normally, but if the caster ends his invisibility, it ends for everyone.

Lightuing Bolf. This affects everyone in Its path. It does 1-6 damage points per level of caster, a successful saving throw cuts this damage in half. A lightning bolt is 4 or 8 squares long in a line away from the caster. The bolt will rebound off walls to reach its full length.

Protection From Evil. 10' Radius. This is just like protection from evil, but it affects everyone within 1 square of the tanget as long as they stay there.

Protection from Good, 10' Radius, This is just like protection from good, but it affects everyone within 1 square of the turget as long as they stay there.

Protection from Normal Missiles, This keeps the target (touch range) from being harmed by non-magical missiles for I turn per level of caster.

Slow. This combut spell affects 1 person per level of caster. Unwilling targets get a saving throw. Targets move at 1/2 their normal distance each round, and their number of attacks per round is halved. If they only have 1 attack, then they have 1 attack per every other round. This can be used to negate haste. Its duration is 3 rounds plus 1 round per level of caster.



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